

Newport Mercury

VOLUME CXXXVII--No. 20.

NEWPORT, R. I. OCTOBER 27, 1894.

WHOLE NUMBER 7,725.

The Newport Mercury,

THE MERCURY PUBLISHING CO.,

152 THAMES STREET,
NEWPORT, R. I.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in 1853, and is now in its one hundred and thirty-seventh year. It is the oldest newspaper in the United States, and is published every day except on Sundays and holidays. It is a large quarto paper, containing six columns of text, and is published at a price of five cents per copy. The Mercury is published by The Mercury Publishing Co., 152 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

Societies Occupying Mercury Hall.

THE NEWPORT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, A. K. McMillan, President; Alexander McMillan, Secretary; meets 2d and 4th Wednesday evenings of each month.
THE NEWPORT GOLF AND COUNTRY CLUB, A. K. McMillan, President; Alexander McMillan, Secretary; meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday evenings of each month.
THE NEWPORT YACHTING CLUB, A. K. McMillan, President; Alexander McMillan, Secretary; meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday evenings of each month.
THE NEWPORT TENNIS CLUB, A. K. McMillan, President; Alexander McMillan, Secretary; meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday evenings of each month.
THE NEWPORT CROQUET CLUB, A. K. McMillan, President; Alexander McMillan, Secretary; meets 1st and 3rd Wednesday evenings of each month.

Local Matters.

Unity Club.

On Tuesday evening last the first study or ordinary meeting of the Club was held in their well-known quarters, the Channing Parlor on Polham street. There were two papers, both very attractive. The first, by Miss Taylor, on "Dante," was published in a large part in another part of this paper. The other was by Dr. Bradley, on "The Ideal City." Dr. Bradley's remarks chiefly bore on the municipal government of cities, and were based on various teachings in that direction which had appeared in late reviews, and especially in the recent work of Mr. Alfred R. Conkling, of New York and Newport—bearing the title "City Government in the United States." One of the central ideas advocated was, that city government should be conducted purely on business principles, by the ablest men that could be got—and that politics should be scouted in their selection. The second principle should be, integrity of life, and high moral character in all officers of civic trust. Both papers elicited discussion. There were seventeen new members elected. We believe no less than 225 ladies and gentlemen are now on the roll. The new chairman of the Culture Committee, Dr. Bradley, merits the support of all the members in the decidedly arduous function which has been conferred on him this year. He ought to get it; for he is most genial and kindly.

The following are the names of the new members elected this week at the Unity Club: Mrs. John H. Bryer, Miss Grace Bryer, Mr. Harry H. Lawton, Mr. and Mrs. Albert P. Randall, Mr. and Mrs. Walter K. Harrington, Miss Nellie R. Peckham, Mr. and Mrs. Albert W. Luther, Miss Mary S. Brownell, Mrs. E. C. Tenney, Mr. Harry L. Pangborn, Mrs. Freeborn Waite, Miss Emma G. Whitehorn, Miss Lisette Vose, Miss Louise Kerlew, Mr. Charles C. Kerlew.

The Evening Schools.

The evening schools opened this week with a very good attendance in each department. On Monday evening the regular classes opened at the Clarke street building with sixty pupils, a gain of seventeen over last year. Miss Vose is in charge of the men's class and Mrs. Gale of the women's, with Mrs. Fowler, Miss Peckham, Miss Wilcox, Miss Sway and Miss Thurston, assistants. Tuesday evening the classes in mechanical drawing and donate entry book-keeping met at the Townsend Industrial School. Mr. Dudley E. Campbell is in charge of these classes.

The Newport Horticultural Society will hold its annual Chrysanthemum Show and Floral exhibit at Masonic Hall on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. 6, 7 and 8. This exhibition, which is always a treat to all lovers of beautiful plants and flowers, is expected to surpass all previous efforts this year, as many unusually fine plants are growing for this show. Don't forget the date and place, Masonic Hall, November 6th, 7th and 8th.

Hunter Norman Wedding.

Notwithstanding the heavy rain which fell steadily on Thursday, all Saints chapel presented a very festive appearance at noon when the wedding of Mr. William R. Hunter and Miss Edith Norman was celebrated. The church was very prettily decorated with chrysanthemums and while the guests were assembling Mr. James Hazard Wilson favored the audience with a number of selections. The guests included a large portion of Newport's summer colony, those who were not already here, having returned for the occasion, besides which a special car brought guests from Boston Thursday morning. Promptly at 12:30 the bride entered the church, preceded by the ushers, Messrs. H. F. Eldridge, Geo. H. Norman, Jr., Max Agassiz, E. H. Bulkeley, Albert P. Mitchell, and Center Hildreth. Miss Mabel Norman, sister of the bride, acted as maid of honor and there were no bridesmaids. The bride wore a handsome gown of heavy cream white satin, on train, her veil being fastened with sprays of orange blossoms. She was attended by her father, who gave her away. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Bishop Clark and Rev. G. J. Magill, D. D., after which a wedding breakfast was served at the residence of the bride's father on Beach street. A reception was then held until 4 o'clock, during which the Newport orchestra furnished the music.

A Sudden Death.

Mr. William Coggeshall was found dead in one of the lower school rooms of the Cranston avenue building yesterday morning. He was lying near the hot air register with his overcoat on and had apparently been dead since the afternoon before, his body being quite stiff and the fires having gone out.

Mr. Coggeshall was in the 51st year of his age and had been janitor of the Cranston avenue building for more than a decade. He had been in good health since last February, when he had an ill turn, and no one had heard him complain.

He leaves two daughters and one son, Mrs. George Keith, of New Bedford, Mrs. Stephen Bird, of Brooklyn, and Roy C. Coggeshall, of San Francisco, who has not been East for about 30 years. His wife died about a month ago at the State insane asylum and the old gentleman lived alone on Clifton avenue. His living alone and the fact that the schools in his building were closed to allow the teachers to attend the Teachers Institute in Providence will explain why the body was not earlier discovered.

Sunday School Conventions.

The Unitarian Sunday School Society held its annual convention at Channing Memorial church on Wednesday and Thursday of this week. Rev. Lyman Abbott, D. D., of Brooklyn gave a very interesting address Wednesday evening on "The Place in Modern Training of Religion and Moral Instruction." Thursday morning the business session was held and officers elected for the ensuing year. Addresses were made by several prominent members of the Association and at 1 o'clock all adjourned to the parlors of the church where a substantial collation was served. The Rhode Island State Sunday School Association held a district convention at the First Baptist church Thursday afternoon and evening. Rev. E. C. Bass, D. D., was chairman of the afternoon and Rev. I. Newton Phelps of the evening session and interesting addresses were made by prominent members of the Association.

The new Council of American Mechanics will be instituted on Monday next, Oct. 29th. The State officers will confer the first degree, Henry F. True, Councilor; the second degree by Continental team, Oscar Peapod, Captain, R. C. Bachelier, Councilor; the third degree, the red, white and blue team, Captain, Will Burbridge, Councilor, J. M. Helt. C. W. Brown is the organizer of the new Council which will start out with 50 charter members.

Change in Leaving Time.

Commencing Monday next, October 29th, the Fall River Line steamers Priscilla and Puritan will leave New York at 5.00 instead of 5.30 P. M., as at present.

The envelope party at the residence of Mrs. John R. Caswell on Bull street, for the benefit of the new parsonage for the Second Baptist church resulted in a collection of \$83.50. Beside this Mrs. Caswell presented a check for \$150 for repairs to the church organ.

The first entertainment of the Pastime Course was given at Masonic Hall Tuesday evening and proved delightful to the large audience present. Those who were present on that occasion will see to it that they are also present at each succeeding entertainment.

The Montgomery has been ordered to Newport for her torpedo outfit. She will arrive November 5.

Work at Point Judith.

Hughes Bros. & Bangs, the Point Judith breakwater contractors, are preparing to close the work on its construction during mid-winter. The plant at Hazard's quarry will be left in charge of a few bands, and the men now employed there will be taken to Guilford, Conn., where the firm has another government contract, which is under the supervision of Eugene Hughes, one of the company.

The work at Point Judith progressed rapidly during the summer. During August about 25,000 tons of stone were dumped, while in September some 20,000 tons, and in October 10,000 tons were placed in position, making 55,000 tons in all during the three months. The effect of this amount of stone deposited upon the structure is very noticeable, there now being in extent some 3,000 feet of wall clearly visible at low tide and about 1,200 feet which has already been raised several yards above high-water mark.

District Court.

Yesterday's session of the District Court was a busy one and attracted the usual audience. In the case of State vs. Jonathan Robertshaw, the Tiverton assault case, the defendant retrained his plea of not guilty and pleading nolo was fined \$5 and costs. In the nuisance case against Edward Mulroy, defendant was adjudged probably guilty and bound over.

William Parker was sentenced to six months at the State workhouse for non-support; Bridget pleaded guilty to assault and the case was continued to Oct. 30, for sentence; Thomas Sweeney paid \$2 and costs for drunkenness; Thomas Lewis was fined \$5 and costs for assault, and Cornelius Harrison \$2 and costs for drunkenness, but both appealed and gave bail.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals.

Herbert C. Albro and others have sold to Patrick Reynolds and wife, for \$600, a lot of land on Harrison avenue, containing 6000 square feet, for \$1 and other considerations.
A. P. Baker has sold to Thomas C. Tiernan the property at 235 Spring street to Anthony Cappuccelli, for \$3,225.
Sarah E. Stoddard and others have sold to David B. Allen a lot of land, with buildings and other improvements on Pond avenue for \$1, etc.
Joshua Stacy has sold to Jeremiah K. Sullivan and wife a lot of land on Hounston avenue containing 10,000 square feet.

A Little Compton Cow.

At the civil session of the third district court, Monday, the case of Elisha Devoll vs. Sophia Lewis was heard. This is a suit in replevin to recover a cow. Plaintiff claims that when he gave up his farm at Little Compton he left a cow with defendant to keep till he should want it. Defendant was to have the milk of the cow in payment for her keep. Now he wants the cow and Mrs. Lewis will not give it up, claiming that he owes her for its keep. She denies the agreement about the milk being payment for the cow's keep.

Some Pumpkins.

Wilbur Hazard, who resides near Saunderson, has a pumpkin vine raised from a single seed the stalk of which measures six and a half inches in circumference, and the vines when stretched are 385 feet in length. One vine had upon it 23 pumpkins, each of which measured from 18 to 20 inches in circumference, the average being some 23 1/2 inches.

At the annual meeting of the R. I. Women's Indian Association held in Providence on Monday, the State organization was reformed, that its plan might conform to the changed constitution of the National Association. Mrs. Anthony Kimber, of this city, was elected First Vice President and Miss Frances, of this city, Treasurer of the new Society.

Mr. Darin M. Wilcox, for the past twenty years a field driver and, part of the time, dog constable, died at his home on Third street Thursday afternoon, in the 64th year of his age. The funeral will be solemnized tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The ladies of St. George's chapel will give a Halloween social in the Sunday School room of the church Wednesday evening.

A chapter of St. Andrews Brotherhood was instituted at Kay chapel Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel H. Cross have been the guests of Hon. Clarke H. Burdick this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Stevens, Jr., are visiting friends in New York.

Mrs. M. A. Braham is visiting friends in Packerville, Conn.

Mr. Maurice A. Albro is enjoying a vacation.

Mrs. R. Howard Clarke of this city is visiting relatives in New York.

THE CITY ELECTION.

DEMOCRATIC MAYOR AND REPUBLICAN CITY COUNCIL.

The Proposition for City Hall Rejected and that for Engine House Approved—The Vote.

Newport's municipal election was held on Wednesday and resulted in the choice of Captain John Waters, the Democratic candidate, for mayor by a plurality of 20 votes. The Republicans, however, re-elected John S. Coggeshall city treasurer by an increased majority over last year, captured three out of five school committees, carried the first three wards for both branches of the city council, and gained one common councilman from the fourth ward. Thus the Republicans will have control of the next city government, the same as at present, the city council, which elects all the city officers except mayor and city treasurer, having a Republican majority of 13 to 7 in joint convention, 8 in the board of aldermen and 10 in the common council.

The election was conducted very quietly, the large number of carriages hurrying to and from the polling places being about the only evidence of its existence, and it was late in the afternoon before the voters began to appear in numbers sufficiently large to show that any interest was being taken at all. The last hour was a busy one for the wardens and clerks, however, and when the polls closed at 6.30 133 more votes had been cast throughout the city than a year ago.

The count by the wardens and clerks of the several wards, which was completed shortly before mid-night, gave the election of mayor to the Republicans by a small majority but the evidence of a serious error in the second ward count was so plain that no one could be surprised at the result of the official count Thursday which is as follows:

Wards	For Mayor	For City Treasurer	For School Board
1	104	45	276
2	278	229	381
3	320	301	615
4	113	113	113
5	113	113	113
6	113	113	113
7	113	113	113
8	113	113	113
9	113	113	113
10	113	113	113
11	113	113	113
12	113	113	113
13	113	113	113
14	113	113	113
15	113	113	113
16	113	113	113
17	113	113	113
18	113	113	113
19	113	113	113
20	113	113	113

For Mayor: J. P. Bannister, R. 404; J. H. 455; J. S. 276; J. W. 320; J. M. 301; J. C. 615; J. A. 113; J. B. 113; J. D. 113; J. E. 113; J. F. 113; J. G. 113; J. H. 113; J. I. 113; J. J. 113; J. K. 113; J. L. 113; J. M. 113; J. N. 113; J. O. 113; J. P. 113; J. Q. 113; J. R. 113; J. S. 113; J. T. 113; J. U. 113; J. V. 113; J. W. 113; J. X. 113; J. Y. 113; J. Z. 113.

For City Treasurer: J. S. Coggeshall, R. 278; J. H. 229; J. W. 320; J. M. 301; J. C. 615; J. A. 113; J. B. 113; J. D. 113; J. E. 113; J. F. 113; J. G. 113; J. H. 113; J. I. 113; J. J. 113; J. K. 113; J. L. 113; J. M. 113; J. N. 113; J. O. 113; J. P. 113; J. Q. 113; J. R. 113; J. S. 113; J. T. 113; J. U. 113; J. V. 113; J. W. 113; J. X. 113; J. Y. 113; J. Z. 113.

For School Board: J. S. Coggeshall, R. 278; J. H. 229; J. W. 320; J. M. 301; J. C. 615; J. A. 113; J. B. 113; J. D. 113; J. E. 113; J. F. 113; J. G. 113; J. H. 113; J. I. 113; J. J. 113; J. K. 113; J. L. 113; J. M. 113; J. N. 113; J. O. 113; J. P. 113; J. Q. 113; J. R. 113; J. S. 113; J. T. 113; J. U. 113; J. V. 113; J. W. 113; J. X. 113; J. Y. 113; J. Z. 113.

For Common Council: J. S. Coggeshall, R. 278; J. H. 229; J. W. 320; J. M. 301; J. C. 615; J. A. 113; J. B. 113; J. D. 113; J. E. 113; J. F. 113; J. G. 113; J. H. 113; J. I. 113; J. J. 113; J. K. 113; J. L. 113; J. M. 113; J. N. 113; J. O. 113; J. P. 113; J. Q. 113; J. R. 113; J. S. 113; J. T. 113; J. U. 113; J. V. 113; J. W. 113; J. X. 113; J. Y. 113; J. Z. 113.

For Aldermen: J. S. Coggeshall, R. 278; J. H. 229; J. W. 320; J. M. 301; J. C. 615; J. A. 113; J. B. 113; J. D. 113; J. E. 113; J. F. 113; J. G. 113; J. H. 113; J. I. 113; J. J. 113; J. K. 113; J. L. 113; J. M. 113; J. N. 113; J. O. 113; J. P. 113; J. Q. 113; J. R. 113; J. S. 113; J. T. 113; J. U. 113; J. V. 113; J. W. 113; J. X. 113; J. Y. 113; J. Z. 113.

For Common Council: J. S. Coggeshall, R. 278; J. H. 229; J. W. 320; J. M. 301; J. C. 615; J. A. 113; J. B. 113; J. D. 113; J. E. 113; J. F. 113; J. G. 113; J. H. 113; J. I. 113; J. J. 113; J. K. 113; J. L. 113; J. M. 113; J. N. 113; J. O. 113; J. P. 113; J. Q. 113; J. R. 113; J. S. 113; J. T. 113; J. U. 113; J. V. 113; J. W. 113; J. X. 113; J. Y. 113; J. Z. 113.

WARDEN.

Richard B. Underwood, Democrat and 150

James H. Clarke, Democrat and Republican.

Fifth Ward.

James Brown, R.

John E. O'Neill, D.

First Councilman.

Frank J. Hughes, D.

Edward R. Taylor, Jr., R.

Second Councilman.

Charles A. Taylor, D.

Michael J. Vaughn, D.

Third Councilman.

James McLaughlin, D.

 Edward Sullivan, D. || Mayor. | James Sheehey, D. |
Clerk.	Michael Sullivan, D.
City Hall Proposition.	
"Shall the authority conferred upon the Park Commission by chapter 1341 of the Public Laws passed June 13, 1894, be approved and said Park Commission be authorized to apply and expend not exceeding two hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars, for the purpose mentioned in said act and in accordance therewith, that is to say, in procuring a site and building a city hall, and for equipping and furnishing such building, and for the purchase of the site and building a new station at an expense not to exceed one thousand dollars?"	
Yes.	158 222 224 158 102
No.	25 24 25 28 27 102
Majority against 62.	
Engine House Proposition.	
"Shall the City Council be authorized to purchase the lot in the rear of the No. 5 Fire Station at a cost of three thousand dollars and to build thereon a new engine house and a new station at an expense not to exceed one thousand dollars?"	
Yes.	285 251 222 158 242 145
No.	137 142 139 132 153 69
Majority in favor 749.	

Monday evening the Young Men's Christian Association and the Ladies' Auxiliary gave a reception in honor of General Secretary Gillett, who is soon to leave town for his new field of labor, and Physical Director Barwick and his bride. A large number was present and listened to the programme, prepared by the entertainment committee, which included vocal solos by Misses Martland and Hayes, violin solos by Miss Crandall and reading by Rev. Mr. Phelps. Refreshments were served by the ladies.

The annual convocation of the Grand Commandery of Massachusetts and Rhode Island, Knights Templars, was held in Boston on Thursday of this week. Washington Commandery was represented by Eminent Commander Andrew J. DeBois, Generalissimo Wm. F. Spillinger, Captain General Henry C. Stevens Jr., and Past Commanders R. S. Franklin and David Stevens.

Police Sergeant Allen C. Griffith was given a most agreeable surprise last Saturday evening when Officer Wm. P. Denman, in behalf of a few of his friends, presented the astonished sergeant with a very handsome Knight Templar charm. Sergeant Griffith responded in a few well chosen words.

The Detroit end Cincinnati have made things lively in the harbor this week with their torpedo practice and sham battles, both of which have been instructive and interesting to all concerned.

Capt. R. R. Wallace has successfully passed his examination for promotion and will receive his commission as Commodore upon Admiral Gherard's retirement, Nov. 12.

Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt has placed a contract with the Stearns Piano Company for an upright piano costing \$30,000 for his residence here, "The Breakers."

Mr. James H. Barney of this city has been elected Grand Sachem of the Grand Council of Rhode Island, Improved Order of Red Men, vice George H. Smith, resigned.

Mr. Herbert B. Smith of this city was brakeman on the train which conveyed President Cleveland and family from Buzzard's Bay to Washington last week.

Thursday will be the Feast of All Saints and will be appropriately observed by the Episcopal and Roman Catholic churches.

Rev. R. W. Wallace has been attending the annual session of the American Home Missionary Association at Lowell this week.

Mr. Solomon T. Hubbard will celebrate his 75th birthday by giving a dinner to a number of his friends this evening.

The engagement of Mr. John T. Tripp, of this city, to Miss L. V. Potter, of Tiverton, is announced.

Rev. Lyman Abbott, D. D., of Brooklyn, has been the guest of Col. Howard Smith this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Swinburne have gone to Brunswick, Ga., for the winter.

Mrs. Wm. H. Allan has returned from a visit to friends in Providence and Plymouth.

CLEANINGS FROM HISTORY.

Presented by JAMES C. SWAN.

How Alexander, when he had taken the Government, made an Expedition against Ptolemy: The Slughter of Thirty Thousand Jews and the Horrible treatment of a great number of Women and Children.

When Aristobulus was dead, his wife, Salome, who by the Greeks was called Alexandria, let his brethren out of prison (for Aristobulus had kept them in bonds, as previously said), and made Alexander Janneus King, who was the superior in age and in moderation. The old king happened to be hated by his father as soon as he was born, and could never be permitted to come into his father's sight, till he died. The occasion of which hatred is thus reported: When Hircanus chiefly loved the two eldest of his sons, Antigonus and Aristobulus, God appeared to him in his sleep, of whom he inquired, which of his sons should be his successor; upon God's representing to him the countenance of Alexander, he was gladdened that he was to be the heir of all his goods, and desired him to be brought up in Galilee. However, God did not deceive Hircanus, for after the death of Aristobulus, he certainly took the kingdom; and one of his brethren, who effected the kingdom, he slew, and the other, who chose to live a private and quiet life, he had in esteem.

When Alexander Janneus had settled the government in the manner that he judged best, he made an expedition against Ptolemy, and having overcome the men in battle, he shut them up in the city, and at round about and beleaguered it; for of the maritime cities there remained only Ptolemais and Gaza to be conquered, besides Strato's Tower, and Dora, which were held by the tyrant Zoilus. Now while Antiochus Philometer, and Antiochus, who was called Cyzicus, were making war one against another, and despoiling one another's realm, the people of Ptolemais could have no assistance from them; but when they were distressed with this siege, Zoilus, who possessed Strato's Tower and Dora, and maintained a legion of soldiers, and on occasion of the contest between the kings affected tyranny himself, came and brought some small assistance to the people of Ptolemais; nor had the kings such a fierce animosity against him, that they should have any advantage from him. Both those kings were in the case of wretches, who finding themselves deficient in strength, and yet being ashamed to yield, put off the fight by laziness, and by lying still as long as they can. The only hope they had remaining was from the kings of Egypt, and from Ptolemy Lathyrus, who now held Cyprus, and who came to Cyprus when he was driven from the government of Egypt by Cleopatra his mother; so the people of Ptolemais sent to this Ptolemy Lathyrus, and desired him to come as a confederate, to deliver them, now they were in such danger, out of the hands of Alexander. And as the ambassadors gave him hope, that if he would have the people of Gaza on the side of those of Ptolemais, as also they said, that Zoilus and his brethren could assist them, so he was elevated at this, and got his feet ready as soon as possible.

But in this interval, Demetrius, one that was of abilities to persuade men to do as he would have them, and a leader of the populace, made those of Ptolemais change their opinions; and said to them, "That 'twas better to run the hazard of being subject to the Jews than to admit of evident slavery by yielding themselves up to Ptolemy; and besides that, to have not only a war at present, but to expect a much greater war from Egypt, for that Cleopatra would not overlook an army raised by Ptolemy for himself out of the neighborhood, but would come against them with a great army of her own, and this because she was laboring to eject her son out of Cyprus also; that as for Ptolemy, if he fall of his hopes, he can always retreat to Cyprus, but that they will be left in the greatest danger possible." Now Ptolemais, although he had heard of the change that was made in the people of Ptolemais, yet did he still go on with his voyage, and came to the country called Syria, and there set his army on shore. This army of his in the whole, horse and foot together, were about thirty thousand, with which he marched into Ptolemais, and there pitched his camp; but when the people of Ptolemais neither received his ambassadors, nor would hear what they had to say, he was under a very great concern.

But when Zoilus and the people of Gaza came to him, and desired his assistance, because their country was laid waste by the Jews, and by Alexander, Alexander, and the siege, for fear of Ptolemy; and when he had drawn off an army into his own country, he used to have about fifty thousand soldiers of his own country; and as some writers have said, eighty thousand. He then took his army and went to meet Ptolemy; but Ptolemy fell upon Alexander, a city of Galilee, and took it by force on the Sabbath day, and there he took about ten thousand slaves, and a great deal of other prey.

He then tried to take Sepphoris, which was a city not far from them; which was destroyed, but lest many of his army did he then go to fight with Alexander, which Alexander met him at the river Jordan, near a certain place called Japhoth (not far from the river Jordan), and pitched his camp near to the enemy. He had however eight thousand in the first rank, which

he styled Hecatontomachi, having shields of brass. Those in the first rank of Ptolemy's soldiers also had shields covered with brass; but Ptolemy's soldiers in other respects were inferior to those of Alexander, and therefore were more fearful of running hazards; but Ptolemy encouraged them, put great courage into them, and ordered them to pass the river, which was between their camp, nor did Alexander think fit to hinder their passage over it, for he thought that if the enemy had once gotten the river on their back, that he should the easier take them prisoners, when they could not flee out of the battle: in the beginning of which, the acts on both sides with their hands, and with their slings, were alike, and a great slaughter was made by both armies; but Alexander was superior, till Philostrate, an opportunist brought up the auxiliaries to help those that were giving way; as there were no auxiliaries to afford help to that part of the Jews that gave way, it fell out that they fled, and those near them did not assist them, but fled along with them. However, Ptolemy's soldiers acted quite otherwise; for they followed the Jews, and killed them, till at length those that slew them pursued after them, when they had made them all run away, and slew them so long that their weapons of iron were blunted, and their hands quite tired with the slaughter; for the report was, that thirty thousand men were then slain. Timagenes says, they were fifty thousand. As for the rest they were part of them were captives, and the other part ran away to the sea.

After this victory, Ptolemy overran all the country; and when he came on, he abode in certain villages of Judea, which when he found full of women and children, he commanded his soldiers to strangle them, and cut them in pieces, and then to cast them into boiling caldrons, and then to devour their limbs as sacrifices. This commandment was given, that such as fled from the battle, and came to them, might suppose their enemies were cannibals, and at men's flesh, and might on that account be still more terrified at them upon such a sight.

To be continued.

JAMESTOWN.

The regular meeting of the Town Council for October was held Monday afternoon and evening. At the first session supervisors were appointed to act at the Congressional election on November 6 as follows:—Republicans, E. L. Hull and A. D. Clampliss; Democrats, William C. Hall and John P. Gill. It was voted that the town council meet as a Board of Councilors on Monday, November 6, at 2 P. M.

Bills were allowed and ordered paid as follows: William Pagan, seventy-five cents; George Franklin, \$2.50; T. G. Carr, \$2.75; L. C. Hammond, \$2.50; P. Brown, Jr., \$12.50; G. W. Carr, \$12; T. D. Wright, \$10.25; T.

1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1025-1030.

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DENHAM'S

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE
THOMAS T. PECKHAM hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Probate of Newbury, R. I., Administrator of the estate of GEORGE W. UNDERHILL, of said Newbury, R. I., and is qualified to act as such Administrator.
Newbury, R. I., October 13, 1894.

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Proprietors

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Furnishing Undertaker.
CASKETS, COFFINS, ROBES, &c.
FURNISHED AT SHORT NOTICE.
16 Franklin St., Newport, R.I.
Residence, No. 1 School St.

Alex. N. Barker,
DEALER IN
Lumber & Hard Ware
BRICK, LIME, CEMENT, ETC.,
205 THAMES ST.
—AND—
LOPEZ WHARF,
NEWPORT, R. I.

Removal.
LAW OFFICES
OF
PECKHAM & TYLER,
ROOMS 13-15 Trinity Building, 111 Broadway, New York City.
(Near Wall Street.)
Telephone Call, "3333 Courtlandt." 6-13

J. D. JOHNSTON,
Architect & Builder,
Plans and Estimates furnished on application. General Jobbing, in iron, steel and stone work executed with dispatch.
Shops 3111 St. Office 70 Polham St.
R. O. Box 181. Residence 105 Church St.
S-14

ORANGES,
DATES,
FIGS,
Nuts,
At the very lowest possible prices.
Also
Canaries
—AND—
Brass Cages.
W.F. Williamson,
235 Thames Street.

CHAS. P. AUSTIN,
Stone, Cutter, Monumental and Building Work,
COR. FARMWELL & WALNUT STS.
NEWPORT, R. I.

Water.
CALL PERSONS, desirous of having water introduced into their residences or place of business, should make application at the office, 1000 Broadway, near Broadway.

FINE
Photograph Gallery
For Sale Cheap—Good Business,
GOOD CHANCE FOR AN
Amateur.
A. L. LEAVITT,
126 Bellevue Avenue.
S-11

REMOVAL.
I desire to inform my patrons and friends that on and after OCTOBER 1, 1894, my place of business will be No. 13 Market Square. Any one who has unbranded or unbranded will please call for them here.
I shall have larger premises and will buy and sell second-hand furniture and antiques.
ROOON BARON, Ferry Wharf.

Furniture.

Oak Chamber Sets, \$20
Mattresses, 3
Woven Wire Mattresses, 3
Feather Pillows, 1
Baby Carriages, from 5 to 10
Wall Papers, 5c to \$3
Window Shades, 25 to 50c
UP STAIRS.
H. O. BRYER,
156 Thames Street.

New Carpets
—AND—
Wall Papers.
We are daily receiving new carpets and wall papers and are prepared to show a fine line of

New Patterns.
Prices as low as
Anywhere.

W. C. Cozzens & Co.,
138 Thames St.

A NEW LINE OF
CARPETS
—AT—
M. Cottrell's.
NEW STYLES IN
Chamber Furniture
NEW LINE OF
PAPER HANGINGS.
Parlors of all Descriptions,
Carpets, Oil Cloths and
Mattings.
M. COTTRELL,
COTTRELL BLOCK,
11-18 Next to the Post Office.

Chamber Suits,
Mattresses
Feather Pillows,
J. W. HORTON & CO.'S,
42 CHURCH ST.
UPHOLSTERING
—AND—
MATTRESS WORK,
In all its branches.

NEWPORT
STONE WORKS.
H. G. BURNS, Prop'r.
over description, including all kinds of
BUILDING & MONUMENTAL
WORK.
A good stock of BLUE STONE, constantly on hand.
42 Long Wh., foot Whittier Ave.,
NEWPORT, R. I.

Old Solace
Whiskey,
Sold in bulk, also in imported white glass bottles holding 1 qt. and 1/2 pt. (Imperial measure)

Windmill
HOLLAND GIN,
Sold in bulk, also in imported white glass bottles holding 1 qt. and 1/2 pt. (Imperial measure)

For Sale by
Dennis W. Sheehan,
Sole Agent for Newport.
11-31
The Berlin Iron Bridge Co.
OF EAST BERLIN, CONN.
—Can Sell You a—
GOOD IRON OR STEEL ROOF,
For 2 1/2 cts. per sq. foot.
Write for Particulars.
•AGENTS WANTED To sell 21 World's Fair Photographs in book form; can make good wages—Outfit complete. Globe Lithographing & Printing Co., 12-23 918 Ashland Block, CHICAGO.

ONE WOMAN'S REWARD.

A GREAT SHOWER OF CONFIDENCE
Such as Never Descended upon Any Other American Woman.
(SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.)
It's a glorious possession.
The most famous physician wins it from a comparatively small number.
One woman, and only one, has won it from tens of thousands during the past twenty years.
Loving confidence, heartfelt gratitude, loyal devotion, is showered upon her name because of salvation from a miserable existence, and the peace and joy of restored health through her wonderful skill.
Lydia E. Pinkham's name will go down the ages as the friend of all women.
Her Vegetable Compound has saved thousands from the terrors of female complaints.
Backache, despondency, fainting, spinal weakness, avoiding society, bearing down, are all symptoms of trouble in the womb. The Vegetable Compound removes the cause of the trouble.
Read what Mrs. S. W. White, who lives at 816 Holly Street, West Philadelphia, Pa., calls a family blessing.
"I have suffered for ten years with female complaints of the worst form, accompanied by severe spinal trouble, causing incessant backache, weakness of the stomach, and nervousness.
"I gave up all hope of ever being well again. Just then someone recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I followed your directions and treatment until I am now a perfectly well woman.
"I gave it to my two daughters, aged fourteen and sixteen years, and they are fine, healthy girls.
"It is surely a blessing to our family."

Bailing on a Bicycle.
For the last few weeks there has been in the vicinity of New York another new development of the bicycle. This is an arrangement made by Christian Gauz, of Omaha, Nebraska, by which he can get a sail from his handle of his bicycle, and on a level road, with the wind abeam, can travel all day without using his own strength at all, except to check the speed of the bicycle when the wind forces it ahead too fast. The sail is adjusted in the following manner, and may be brought down and stowed away by making a sail for his own bicycle.
Mr. Gauz has taken a stout piece of inch-and-a-half or two-inch plank, cut it into a circular shape possibly five or six inches in diameter, and by making a deep notch at one point from the circumference in towards the center, has fitted it securely around the forward support of the bicycle just below the handle. Through this disk a hole is made, precisely after the manner of a "stop" for a mast in a row-boat. The light bamboo pole or mast is then inserted through this hole, and fastened securely below by stout twine or wire around the support of the bicycle. The pole itself is seven feet high, and the boom of the sail is six feet long, with a gaff of about three to four feet. The sail is of light silk or cloth, and is bent on in the same manner as a boat's boom, however, is attached to the mast with a goose-neck, that allows the rider of the bicycle to tip the boom itself up against the mast at any time he chooses; and it is in this way that he "locks up" by lifting the boom over his head to the other side.
Mr. Gauz has covered one hundred and eighteen miles in a day with the almost no work except checking the speed of the bicycle. He is confident that on a straight macadamized road he can easily do two hundred miles with the wind abeam, which is the most favorable direction to have it come from.—[From Harper's Young People.]

New Designs for Currency.
The Treasury Department at Washington is preparing to spend between \$50,000 and \$100,000 to give the people of the United States a more artistic paper currency. Of course any estimate of the possible cost of the changes in design of the Treasury notes and certificates is necessarily vague and unsatisfactory. And to a billion-dollar country the amount to be spent is small, if it were \$200,000, considering the results to be attained. But the great American public justly wants to know of any public work just what it costs; and as nearly as an estimate can be formed at the present time the reform inaugurated under Secretary Carlisle by Chief Johnson, of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, will cost at least \$50,000. There are thirty-six designs to be changed eventually, though the present plan contemplates the experimental change of but six—the designs for the silver certificates of the denominations of \$1, \$2, \$5, \$10, \$20, and \$100. If these changes are acceptable to the public, others will follow.—[From Harper's Weekly.]

Even the homeliest human being finds some comfort looking in a mirror.
A man may impress his immortal soul by not keeping his eyes balanced.

THE KOAL-SPAR CO.,
51 SUMNER STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

General Agent, 126 Spring St., Newport.

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Woman's Dep't.

Bishop Vincent vs. Equal Suffrage.
Bishop Vincent says woman's influence is enormous, and if she uses it wisely, she will be a blessing to the world. A growing number of the wisest and most successful mothers think otherwise. Mrs. Zerelda G. Wallace, for instance, points out that a mother must be a way to a disadvantage in training her children so long as she has no voice in determining the environment which shall surround her home. She says: "The mother tries to teach her boy that he must be pure and temperate and honorable. That boy comes out from his mother, and the first thing he meets with neutralizes and gives the lie to all his mother's teachings. He says to himself, 'Why, mother says so and so,' but he finds men in high places violating all those teachings, and he begins to conclude that his mother does not know much about it. From that minute that boy discounts his mother's judgment, and though she must still have a hold on his affections, she then not have hold upon him in any other way. There is where you wrong us, gentlemen, and cripple us in training men who will make the statesmen of this nation."
Henry Ward Beecher said: While woman is excluded with contempt from political duties, her advice and influence at home must always be at the minimum. If once she began to accept public duties, she would exert a powerful influence at home. But now, men take it for granted that women know nothing of public affairs, and that all their suggestions must, of course, be the result of an ignorant simplicity. A woman is not made a safe adviser by being kept at home in ignorance of all public affairs; and, if she informs herself intelligently, then why should she not act just as much as a man? It is an unjust and a foolish prejudice, she then has to hear when she is pressed upon this point, emerging upon the scene of public affairs, and that all their suggestions must, of course, be the result of an ignorant simplicity. 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